# **TRIDONIC**





## PCA T5 ECO Ip x:tec, 3x14/24 W and 4x14/24 W

ECO<sub>T5</sub>

## **Product description**

- · Processor-controlled ballast with xitec inside
- Highest possible energy class CELMA EEI = A1 BAT®
- · Noise-free precise control via DSI signal, switchDIM or corridorFUNCTION
- 5-year guarantee

#### Interfaces

- DSI
- switchDIM (with memory function + selectable dimming rate)
- corridorFUNCTION

#### **Functions**

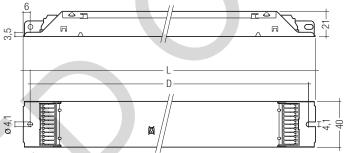
- Intelligent Temperature Guard (overtemperature protection)
- Intelligent Voltage Guard (overvoltage indication and undervoltage shutdown)
- Optimum filament heating in any dimmer setting
- . Disconnection of filament heating from a dimming level of approx. 90 % for maximum energy efficiency (SMART-Heating concept)
- Automatically triggered emergency lighting value in DC mode, 70 %
- For emergency lighting systems as per EN 50172
- · Automatic start after replacement of defective lamps
- · Automatic shutdown if the lamp is faulty
- · Backwards compatible



## Standards, page 2

Wiring diagrams and installation examples, page 5





## Technical data

| Tooliii aana                |   |
|-----------------------------|---|
| Mains voltage range         | 220 – 240 V   |
| AC voltage range            | 198 – 264 V   |
| DC voltage range            | $176 - 280 \text{ V (lamp start} \ge 198 \text{ V DC)}$ |
| Mains frequency             | 0 / 50 / 60 Hz  |
| Overvoltage protection      | 320 V AC, 1 h   |
| Typ. power input on standby | < 0.5 W   |
| Protective hot restart      | 0.5 s for AC / 0.2 s for DC                             |
| Dimming range, 3 lamps      | 5 – 100 %   |
| Dimming range, 4 lamps      | 1 – 100 %   |
| Lamp start possible from    | 5 % (3 lamps), 1 % (4 lamps)                            |
| Operating frequency         | ~ 40 – 100 kHz  |
| Type of protection          | IP20  |

## Ordering data

| Туре                        | Article number | Packaging, carton | Packaging, pallet | Weight per pc. |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| For luminaires with 3 lamps |                |                   |                   |                |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 22176211       | 20 pc(s).         | 600 pc(s).        | 0.301 kg       |
| For luminaires with 4 lamps |                |                   |                   |                |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 22176212       | 20 pc(s).         | 600 pc(s).        | 0.341 kg       |

## Specific technical data

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|-----------------|--------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|--------|--|---------------------|---------------|-------------------------------------|
| Lamp<br>wattage | Lamp<br>type | Туре                        | Article<br>number | Dimensions<br>L x W x H | Hole spacing<br>D | Lamp<br>power <sup>®</sup> | Circuit<br>power <sup>®</sup> | EEI    | Current at<br>50 Hz 230 V <sup>2</sup> | λ at<br>50 Hz 230 V | tc point max. | Ambient temperature ta <sup>®</sup> |
| For lumina      | aires with   | n 3 lamps                   |                   |                         |                   |                            |                               |        |  |                     |               |                                     |
| 3 x 14 W        | T5           | PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 22176211          | 360 x 40 x 21 mm        | 350 mm            | 42 W                       | 46.5 W                        | A1 BAT | 0.21 A                                 | 0.97                | 75 °C         | -25 60 °C                           |
| 3 x 24 W        | T5           | PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 22176211          | 360 x 40 x 21 mm        | 350 mm            | 72 W                       | 73.0 W                        | A1 BAT | 0.32 A                                 | 0.97                | 75 °C         | -25 55 °C                           |
| For lumina      | aires with   | h 4 lamps                   |                   |                         |                   |                            |                               |        |  |                     |               |                                     |
| 4 x 14 W        | T5           | PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 22176212          | 360 x 40 x 21 mm        | 350 mm            | 56 W                       | 60.5 W                        | A1 BAT | 0.27 A                                 | 0.97                | 75 °C         | -25 60 °C                           |
| 4 x 24 W        | T5           | PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 22176212          | 360 x 40 x 21 mm        | 350 mm            | 96 W                       | 97.5 W                        | A1 BAT | 0.43 A                                 | 0.97                | 75 °C         | -25 50 °C                           |

① According to the EU directives on ecodesign requirements (EC) No. 245/2009 and (EC) No. 347/2010.

<sup>-25 °</sup>C to +10 °C, dimming below 30 %: malfunction possible but no damage to ECG. This applies to AC and DC operation.

#### Standards

EN 55015

EN 55022

EN 60929

EN 61000-3-2

EN 61347-2-3

EN 61547

Suitable for emergency installations according to EN 50172

## Lamp starting characteristics

Warm start
Starting time 0.5 s with AC
Starting time 0.2 s with DC
Start at any dimming level

#### AC operation

Mains voltage 220–240 V 50/60 Hz 198–264 V 50/60 Hz including safety tolerance (±10 %) 202–254 V 50/60 Hz including performance tolerance (+6 % / -8 %)

## DC operation

220–240 V 0 Hz 198–280 V 0 Hz certain lamp start 176–280 V 0 Hz operating range Use in emergency lighting installations according to EN 50172 or for emergency luminaires according to EN 61347-2-3 appendix J.

## **Emergency units**

The "PCA T5 ECO Ip x:tec" ballasts are compatible with all emergency units from Tridonic. See the table in the data sheet. Also all "5-pole" emergency units can be used. When used with other emergency units tests are necessary.

## Temperature range

Unlimited dimming range from 10 °C to ta max. -25 °C to +10 °C: dimming operation from 100 % to 30 %. If dimm level goes below 30 % malfunction possible, but no electronic ballast damage. This applies to AC and DC operation.

## Lamp type recognition

Each of teh lamps for wich the control gear is designed will be operated correctly according the lamp specification. The currently used lamp is recognised during the start up process.

To avoid an incorrect lamp recognition due to fast multiple ON/OFF switches, new lamp data are only restored if the lamp has operated for at least 5 seconds.

#### Mains currents in DC operation (at 70 % light output)

|                             | Wattage | Mains current at                  | Mains current at                |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------|
| Туре                        |         | $U_{\text{n}} = 220V_{\text{DC}}$ | $U_{\text{n}}=240V_{\text{DC}}$ |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO Ip x:tec | 3x14W   | 0.17A                             | 0.16 A                          |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO Ip x:tec | 3x24 W  | 0.28 A                            | 0.26 A                          |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO Ip x:tec | 4x14 W  | 0.22 A                            | 0.21 A                          |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec | 4x24 W  | 0.37 A                            | 0.34 A                          |

#### Ballast lumen factor AC operation (AC-BLF) EN 60929 8.1

|                             | Wattage | AC-BLF at       |  |
|-----------------------------|---------|-----------------|--|
| Туре                        |         | $U = 230V_{AC}$ |  |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec | 3x14W   | 0.99            |  |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec | 3x24W   | 0.99            |  |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec | 4x14 W  | 0.99            |  |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec | 4x24 W  | 0.99            |  |

The ballast lumen factor for AC operation (AC-BLF) does not alter from  $U_{\rm n}=198\,{\rm V}$  ac to  $U_{\rm n}=254\,{\rm V}$  Ac. The ballast lumen factor for DC operation (DC-BLF) on the basis of an automatic power reduction of the ballasts (default value is 70 %) will be smaller than AC. It does not alter in the DC operating range (198–280 VDC).

#### Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V/50 Hz)

| Transition distortion in the maine supply (at 250 17 60112) |         |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|---|---------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| Туре  | Wattage | THD  | 3    | 5    | 7    | 9    | 11   |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec                                 | 3x14W   | 8.40 | 6.65 | 1.97 | 2.17 | 2.09 | 1.36 |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec                                 | 3x24 W  | 7.98 | 6.23 | 1.76 | 1.75 | 2.31 | 1.04 |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 EC0 lp x:tec                                 | 4x14 W  | 8.67 | 6.97 | 2.85 | 1.86 | 1.49 | 1.19 |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec                                 | 4x24 W  | 7.52 | 6.37 | 1.53 | 1.94 | 1.04 | 1.08 |

## Electronic dimming

#### Dimming

Dimming curve is adapted to the eye sensitiveness. Dimming range:

4-lamp: 1 % to 100 %, 3-lamp: 5 % to 100 % Digital control with:

 DSI signal: 8 bit Manchester Code Speed 1 % to 100 % in 1.4 s

#### Control input (D1, D2)

A push-to-make switch (switchDIM) can be wired on the same terminals (D1 and D2).

#### Digital signal DSI

The control input is non-polar and protected against accidental connection with a mains voltage up to 264 V. The control signal is not SELV. Control cable has to be installed in accordance to the requirements of low voltage installations.

Different functions depending on each module.

#### SMART interface

An additional interface for the direct connection of the SMART-LS II  $|p^1\rangle$  light sensor. The sensor registers actual ambient light and maintains the individually defined lux level.

After every mains reset the SMART interface automatically checks for an installed sensor. With the sensor installed the PCA T5 ECO one4all lp x:tec automatically runs in the constant lux level mode. ON/OFF switch via mains, switchDIM or DSI signal. DSI signal = 0 switches off,

DSI signal  $\geq 1$  switches on.

With switchDIM signals it is possible to change the controlled light level temporarily. Temporarily means that after a switching cycle OFF/ON command the ballast will start at the preset value determined by the SMART-LS II lp. The installation of the two wire bus is according to the appropriate low voltage regulations.

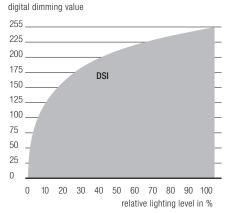
## switchDIM

Integrated switchDIM function allows a direct connection of a push to make switch for dimming and switching.

Brief push  $(<0.6\,\mathrm{s})$  switches ballast ON and OFF. The ballasts switch-ON at light level set at switch-OFF. When the push to make switch is held, PCA ballasts are dimmed. After repush the PCA is dimmed in the opposite direction.

1) SMART-LS II lp: article number 86458258

#### Dimming characteristics PCA T5 EC0 lp x:tec



Dimming characteristics as seen by the human eye

The switchDIM fade time is set to 3 s from min. to max. in the factory settings. With a 20 s push to the push to make switch this fade time can be changed to 6 s. In this instance the switchDIM application will be synchronized to 50 % light level after 10 s and after 20 s the light level rises to 100 % with the new fade time.

At every synchronizsation (10 s keystroke) the device will reset to 3 s (factory setting)

In installations with PCAs with different dimming levels or opposite dimming directions (e.g. after a system extension), all PCAs can be synchronized to 50 % dimming level by a 10 s push.

Use of push to make switch with indicator lamp is not permitted.

Deactivation: If the corridorFUNCTION is wrongly activated in a switchDIM system (for example a switch is used instead of pushbutton), there is the option of installing a pushbutton and deactivating the corridorFUNCTION mode by five short pushes of the button within three seconds.

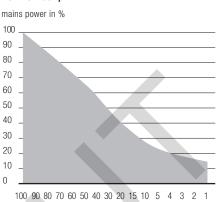
switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION are very simple tools for controlling ballastswith conventional momentary-action switches or motion sensors.

To ensure correct operation a sinusoidal mains voltage with a frequency of 50 Hz or 60 Hz is required at the control input.

Special attention must be paid to achieving clear zero crossings

Serious mains faults may impair the operation of switchDIM and corridorFUNCTION.

# Energy saving PCA T5 ECO Ip x:tec

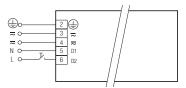


#### Backwards compatibility

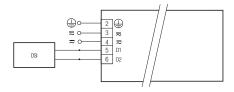
With a simple key combination a PCA T5 ECO Ip xitec can be reset as a normal PCA ECO from the previous generation. Synchronisation simply has to take place three times within one minute (3 x 10 s).

dimming level in %

To activate the "xitec" settings again, synchronisation has to take place four times within one minute.



switchDIM PCA T5 ECO Ip xitec



DSI PCA T5 ECO Ip x:tec

Dimmable ballasts from Tridonic have to be earthed.

## Loading of automatic circuit breakers

| Automatic circuit breaker type | C10                 | C13                 | C16                 | C20                 | B10                 | B13                 | B16                 | B20                 |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|---------------------|
| Installation Ø                 | 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 1.5 mm <sup>2</sup> | 2.5 mm <sup>2</sup> |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO Ip xitec    | 16                  | 22                  | 32                  | 36                  | 8                   | 11                  | 16                  | 18                  |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO Ip x:tec    | 14                  | 22                  | 32                  | 34                  | 7                   | 11                  | 16                  | 17                  |

Continuous operation: to calculate the protective saftey switch see main current, page 1

#### corridorFUNCTION

Activation: To activate the corridorFUNCTION a voltage of 230 V simply has to be applied for five minutes at D1, D2. The unit will then switch automatically to the corridorFUNCTION.

Deactivation: If the corridorFUNCTION is wrongly activated in a switchDIM system (for example a switch is used instead of pushbutton), there is the option of installing a pushbutton and deactivating the corridorFUNCTION mode by five short pushes of the button within three seconds.

The corridorFUNCTION V2 offers the added benefit of a second and third preprogrammed profile.

With the usage of the corridorFUNCTION plugs to activate the different profiles, the corridorFUNCTION will be activated automatically. Application and functional-lity of profiles see user manual corridorFUNCTION.

## **Intelligent Temperature Guard**

The intelligent temperature guard protects the PCA T5 ECO Ip x:tec from temporary thermal overheating by reducing the output power or switching off in case of operation above the thermal limits of the luminaire or ballast. Depending on the luminaire design, the ITG operates at about 5 to 10 °C above Tc temperature.

#### Intelligent Voltage Guard

Intelligent Voltage Guard is the name of the new electronic monitor from Tridonic. This innovative feature of the PCA family of control gear from

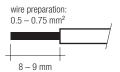
Tridonic immediately shows if the mains voltage rises above certain thresholds. Measures can then be taken quickly to prevent damage to the control gear.

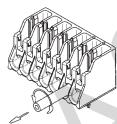
- If the mains voltage rises above approx. 305 V (voltage depends on the ballast type), the lamp starts flashing on and off.
- This signal "demands" disconnection of the power supply to the lighting system.
- The active-current-control of these control gears is protected against failure caused by the high mains currents generated as a result of mains undervoltage. The switch off level depends on lamp wattage and is typically < 140 V.</li>

#### Installation instructions

#### Wiring type and cross section

The wiring can be solid cable with a cross section of 0.5 to  $0.75\,\text{mm}^2$  for push terminal and  $0.5\,\text{mm}^2$  for IDC terminal. For the push-wire connection you have to strip the insulation (8–9 mm).





Loosen wire through twisting and pulling

## Operating voltage

| Туре                        | Wattage | Uout  |
|-----------------------------|---------|-------|
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO lp xitec | 3x14W   | 430 V |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO lp xitec | 3x24W   | 430 V |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp xitec | 4x14 W  | 430 V |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 4x24W   | 430 V |

#### Wiring advice

The lead length is dependent on the capacitance of the cable.

| Ballast                     | Terminal       | Maximum capacitance allowed |                |        |        |        |
|-----------------------------|----------------|-----------------------------|----------------|--------|--------|--------|
| Туре                        | Cold           | Middle                      | Hot            | Cold   | Middle | Hot    |
| PCA 3x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 7, 8           | 9, 10, 14,                  | 12, 13         | 100 pF | 50 pF  | 100 pF |
|                             |                | 15, 16, 17                  |                |        |        |        |
| PCA 4x14/24 T5 ECO lp x:tec | 14, 15, 16, 17 | 7, 8, 9, 10                 | 12, 13, 18, 19 | 200 pF | 50 pF  | 100 pF |

With standard solid wire  $0.5/0.75\,\mathrm{mm^2}$  the capacitance of the lead is  $30-80\,\mathrm{pF/m}$ .

This value is influenced by the way the wiring is made.

Lamp connection should be made with symmetrical wiring.

3-lamp devices: Hot and cold leads should be separated as much as possible.

4-lamp devices: Middle and hot leads should be separated as much as possible.

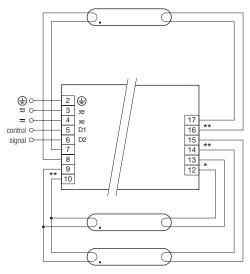
Hot leads (9, 10, 15, 16) and cold leads (11, 12, 13, 14) should be separated as much as possible.

When using two or more dimmable ballasts in one luminaire with separate dimming controls, the lamp leads must be kept separate.

Distance to plate:  $5-10 \, \text{mm}$ 

(ideal distance for optimal symmetrical light)

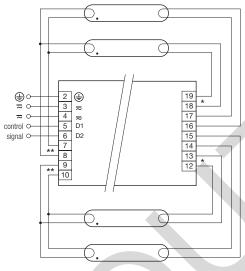
To avoid the damage of the control gear, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).



- \* leads 12, 13: keep wires short, max. 1.0 m
- \*\* leads 9, 10, 14, 15, 16, 17: keep wires short, max. 0.5 m leads 7, 8: max. 2.0 m

PCA T5 ECO one4all lp x:tec 3x14/24W

Dimmable ballasts from Tridonic have to be earthed.



- \* leads 12, 13, 18, 19: keep wires short, max. 1.0 m
- \*\* leads 7, 8, 9, 10: keep wires short, max. 0.5 m leads 14, 15, 16, 17: max. 2.0 m

PCA T5 ECO one4all lp x:tec 4x14/24W

#### RFI

- Connection to the lamps of the hot leads must be kept as short as possible
- Mains leads should be kept apart from lamp leads (ideally 5–10 cm distance)
- Do not run mains leads adjacent to the electronic ballast
- · Twist the lamp leads
- Keep the distance of lamp leads from the metal work as large as possible
- Mains wiring to be twisted when through wiring
- Keep the mains leads inside the luminaire as short as possible

#### General advise:

Electronic ballasts are virtually noise free.

Magnetic fields generated during the ignition cycle can cause some background noise but only for a few milliseconds.

## Operation on DC voltage

Our ballasts are construed to operate DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage.

To operate ballasts with pulsed DC voltage the polarity is absolute mandatory.



# Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with  $500\,V_{\,DC}$  for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The insulation resistance must be at least  $2 M\Omega$ .

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with  $1500\,V_{\text{AC}}$  (or  $1.414\,$  x  $1500\,V_{\text{DC}}$ ). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

#### Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> → Technical Data

Guarantee conditions at www.tridonic.com → Services

Life-time declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.

No warranty if device was opened.