TRIDONIC

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Driver LC 50W 200-350mA flexC lp SNC4

essence series

Product description

- Constant current built-in LED driver
- For luminaires of protection class I
- Temperature protection as per EN 61347-2-13 C5e
- Selectable fixed output current 350, 300, 250 and 200 mA
- Max. output power 51 W
- Up to 92.5 % efficiency
- Nominal lifetime up to 100,000 h
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)

Housing properties

- Casing: metal, white
- Type of protection IP20

Functions

- Overload protection
- Short-circuit protection
- No-load protection
- Overtemperature protection



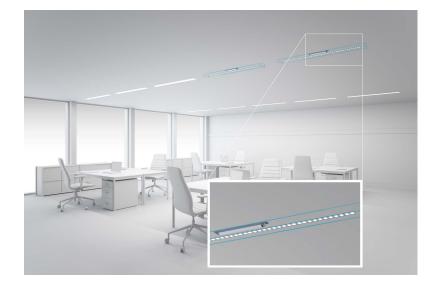
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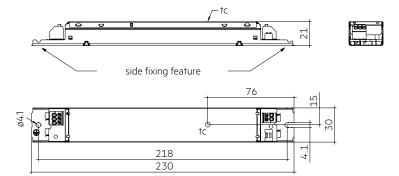
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Driver LC 50W 200-350mA flexC lp SNC4

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Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Input current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	0.26 A
Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load)	250 mA
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 450 µA
Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 2 h
Output power range	14.4 – 51 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) ^①	92.5 %
λ over full operating range (max.) $^{\oplus}$	0.96
λ over full operating range (min.)	0.7C
Output current tolerance®	± 7.5 %
Max. output voltage	300 V
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 10 %
Max. peak output current at full load ${}^{\oplus}$	395 mA
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz) at full load	± 5 %
Output P _{st} LM (at full load)	≤1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Starting time (DC mode)	≤ 0.6 s
Switchover time (AC/DC)	≤ 0.3 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	≤ 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Ambient temperature ta (at lifetime 50,000 h)	60 °C
Storage temperature ts	-40 +80 °C
Mains burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	3.5 kV
Lifetime	up to 100,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 years
Dimensions L x W x H	230 x 30 x 21 mm
Hole spacing D	218 mm



Ordering data

Туре	Article number	5 5.	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 50/200-350/170 flexC lp SNC4	87500994	50 pc(s).	900 pc(s).	2,700 pc(s).	0.14 kg

Specific technical data

Туре	Output	Min. forward	Max. forward	Max. output	/	Typ. current consumption	5	Ambient	lout select
	current [®]	voltage	voltage	power	(at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	(at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	temperature tc	temperature ta max.	
	200 mA	72 V	170 V	34.0 W	37 W	170 mA	73 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=off / 2=off
	250 mA	72 V	170 V	42.5 W	46 W	205 mA	75 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=off / 2=on
LC 50/200-350/170 flexC lp SNC4	300 mA	72 V	170 V	51.0 W	55 W	260 mA	78 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=on / 2=off
	350 mA	72 V	144 V	50.4 W	55 W	245 mA	80 °C	-20 +60 °C	1=on / 2=on

^① Test result at 350 mA.

⁽²⁾ Output current is mean value.

[®] Test result at 25 °C.

1. Standards

EN 55015 EN 61000-3-2 EN 61000-3-3 EN 61347-1 EN 61347-2-13 EN 61547 EN 62384 According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime

Туре	Output current	ta	50 °C	55 °C	60 °C
	200	tc	64 °C	68 °C	73 °C
	200 mA	Lifetime	>100,000 h	>100,000 h	100,000 h
	250	tc	66 °C	71 °C	75 °C
LC 50/200-350/170 flexC lp SNC4	250 mA	Lifetime	>100,000 h	>100,000 h	89,000 h
LC 30/200-330/1/0 nexc 1p 3NC4	300 mA	tc	68 °C	73 ℃	78 °C
		Lifetime	>100,000 h	91,000 h	64,000 h
	750 4	tc	71 °C	75 °C	80 °C
	350 mA	Lifetime	>100,000 h	81,000 h	60,000 h

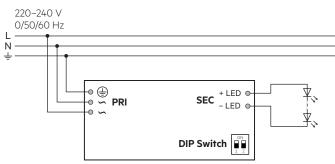
The LED driver is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

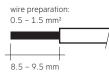
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



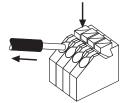
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.5 - 1.5 mm². Strip 8.5 - 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals (WAGO 250).



3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the "push button" and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Wiring guidelines

- All connections must be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMI behaviour.
- Mains leads should be kept apart from LED driver and other leads (ideally 5 10 cm distance)
- Max. length of output wires is 2 m.
- Incorrect wiring can damage LED modules.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.5 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED driver can be earthed via metal housing. Ground the LED driver with protective earth (PE).

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

In general it is recommended to earth the LED driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

3.6 Replace LED module

- 1. Mains off
- 2. Remove LED module
- 3. Wait for 30 seconds
- 4. Connect LED module again

Hot plug-in or output switching of LEDs is not permitted and may cause a very high current to the LEDs.

3.7 Mounting of device

Max. torque for fixing: 0.5 Nm/M4

3.8 Current setting



Set the current by DIP switch after mains off. Use of DIP switch only after mains off.

200 mA: Switch 1 = Off, Switch 2 = Off



250 mA: Switch 1 = Off, Switch 2 = On



300 mA: Switch 1 = On, Switch 2 = Off

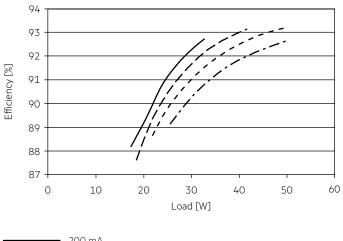


350 mA: Switch 1 = On, Switch 2 = On



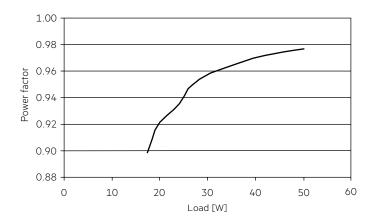
4. Electrical values

4.1 Efficiency vs load



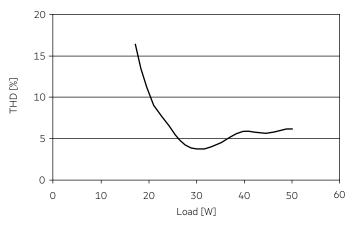
 200 mA
 250 mA
 300 mA
 350 mA

4.2 Power factor vs load



4.5 THD vs load (without harmonic < 5 mA or 0.6 % of the input current)

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



LED driver Linear fixed output non-SELV

4.6 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush	current
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	Imax	Time
LC 50/200-350/170 flexC lp SNC4	27	32	42	52	16	20	25	32	19.4 A	230 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker. Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.7 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load)

in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 50/200-350/170 flexC lp SNC4	< 10	< 10	< 5	< 5	< 5	< 3

Acc. to 61000-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit on the output side (LED) the LED driver switches off. After elimination of the short-circuit fault the LED driver will recover automatically.

5.2 No-load operation

The LED driver works in burst working mode to provide a constant output voltage regulation which allows the application to be able to work safely when LED string opens due to a failure.

5.3 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver will protect itself and LED may flicker. After elimination of the overload, the nominal operation is restored automatically.

5.4 DC emergency operation

The LED driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage. For a reliable operation, make sure that also in DC emergency operation the LED driver is run within the specified conditions.

Light output level in DC operation (EOF_x): 98 % (cannot be adjusted)

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for: AC: < 30 mA DC: < 15 mA

6. Miscellaneous

6.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with $500 V_{DC}$ for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal. The insulation resistance must be at least $2M\Omega$.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V $_{AC}$ (or 1.414 x 1500 V $_{DC}$). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

6.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity:	5 % up to max. 85 %,
	not condensed
	(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be within the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure. If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

6.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

6.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at <u>www.tridonic.com</u> \rightarrow Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim. No warranty if device was opened.