

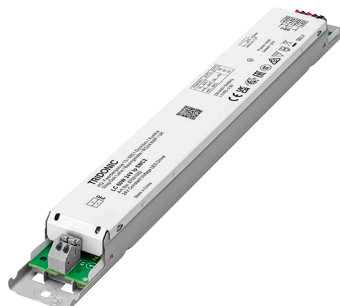


Driver LC 60W 24V Ip SNC2

essence series 24 V – not dimmable (IP20)

Product description

- Constant voltage LED driver
- Output voltage 24 V
- Max. output power 60 W
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Dimmable via external PWM LED dimmers attached on output side
- Power input on stand-by < 0,5 W
- Nominal lifetime up to 100,000 h
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)



Typical application

- Cove lighting, facade accent lighting, ceiling integration



Technical details

- 24 V, 60 W
- Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz) $\pm 1.5\%$
- Small cross section
- Push terminal for simple wiring

System solution

- Tridonic LLE-FLEX ADV G2 600, 1,200, 1,800 lm/m
- Tridonic LLE-FLEX EXC 600, 1,200, 1,800, 2,500 lm/m
- In connection with Flex accessories wire to PCB plug



Standards, page 3



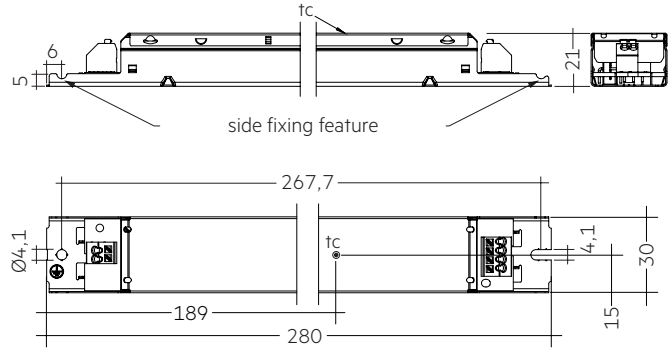
IP20 SELV 

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Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
Mains frequency	50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V, 48 h
Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	300 mA
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 500 µA
Max. input power	66 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load)	90 %
λ over full operating range (max.) ^①	0.99
λ over full operating range (min.)	0.85C
Typ. input current in no-load operation	19.5 mA
Typ. input power in no-load operation	0.44 W
In-rush current (peak / duration)	34.6 A / 210 µs
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 10 %
Output P_{stLM} (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) ^①	< 0.5 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 0.5 s
Hold on time at power failure (output)	0 s
Output voltage tolerance	± 1 V
Output LF voltage ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 1.5 %
Max. output voltage (no-load voltage)	26 V
Burst capability	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L – N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N – PE)	2 kV
Lifetime	up to 100,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at www.tridonic.com)	5 years
Dimensions L x W x H	280 x 30 x 21 mm



Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging carton	Packaging, low volume	Packaging, high volume	Weight per pc.
LC 60W 24V Ip SNC2	87501092	50 pc(s).	700 pc(s).	2,100 pc(s).	0.210 kg

Specific technical data

Type	Load	Forward voltage	Output current	Max. output power	Typ. power consumption	Typ. current consumption	Max. casing temperature t_c	Ambient temperature t_a max.
LC 60W 24V Ip SNC2	30 %	24 V	750 mA	18 W	21.4 W	103 mA	65 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	40 %	24 V	1,000 mA	24 W	27.6 W	129 mA	65 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	50 %	24 V	1,250 mA	30 W	33.8 W	155 mA	65 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	60 %	24 V	1,500 mA	36 W	40.1 W	181 mA	65 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	70 %	24 V	1,750 mA	42 W	46.4 W	208 mA	65 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	80 %	24 V	2,000 mA	48 W	52.7 W	235 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	90 %	24 V	2,250 mA	54 W	59.1 W	262 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C
	100 %	24 V	2,500 mA	60 W	65.5 W	289 mA	70 °C	-20 ... +50 °C

^① Valid at 100 % dimming level.

1. Standards

EN 55015
EN 61000-3-2
EN 61000-3-3
EN 61347-1
EN 61347-2-13
EN 62384
EN 61547

2. Thermal details and lifetime

2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime					
Type	Output load	ta	40 °C	45 °C	50 °C
LC 60W 24V Ip SNC2	> 18 – 30 W	tc	55 °C	60 °C	65 °C
		Lifetime	>100,000 h	>100,000 h	>100,000 h
	> 30 – 42 W	tc	55 °C	60 °C	65 °C
		Lifetime	>100,000 h	>100,000 h	83,000 h
	> 42 – 60 W	tc	60 °C	65 °C	70 °C
		Lifetime	89,000 h	67,000 h	50,000 h

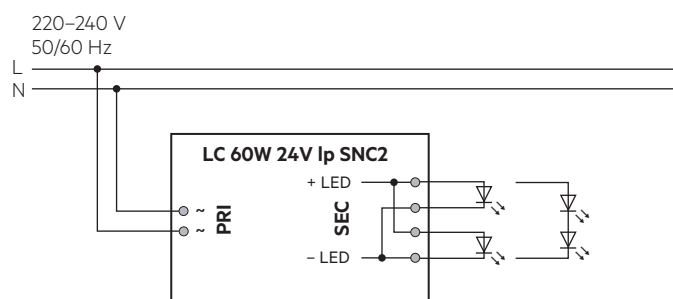
The LED control gear is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

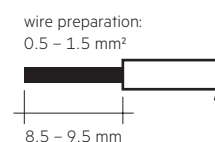
3. Installation / wiring

3.1 Circuit diagram



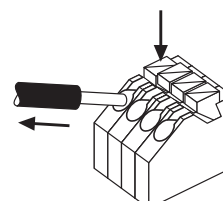
3.2 Wiring type and cross section

For wiring use stranded wire with ferrules or solid wire from 0.5 – 1.5 mm². Strip 8.5 – 9.5 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of the push-wire terminals.



3.3 Release of the wiring

Press down the “push button” and remove the cable from front.



3.4 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- The LED driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

3.5 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). The LED driver can be earthed via metal housing. If the LED driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour:

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- LED glowing at standby
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

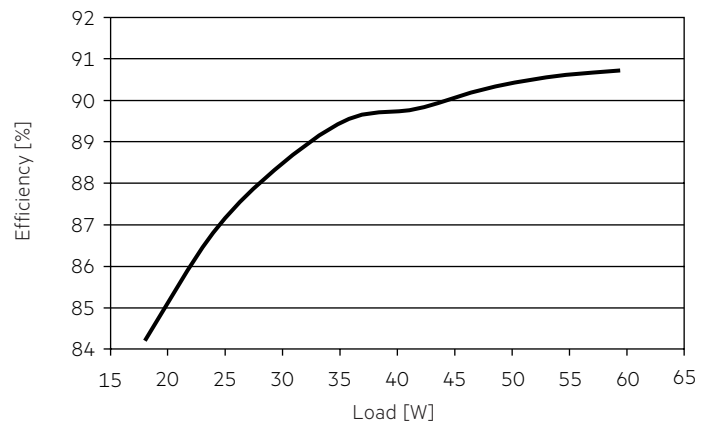
In general it is recommended to earth the LED driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

3.6 Installation instructions

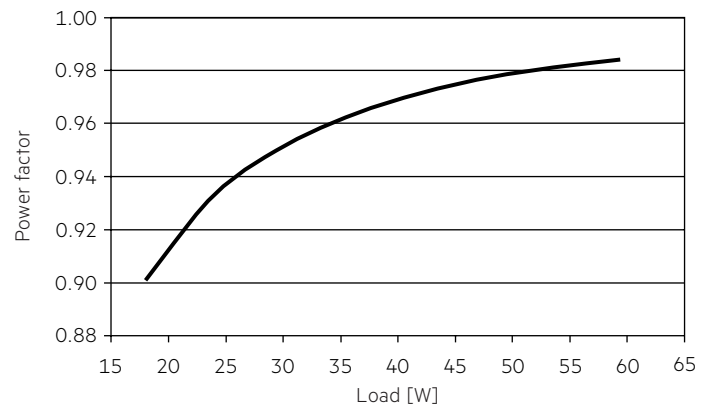
The LED module and all contact points within the wiring must be sufficiently insulated against 3 kV surge voltage.
Air and creepage distance must be maintained.

4. Electrical values

4.1 Efficiency vs. load

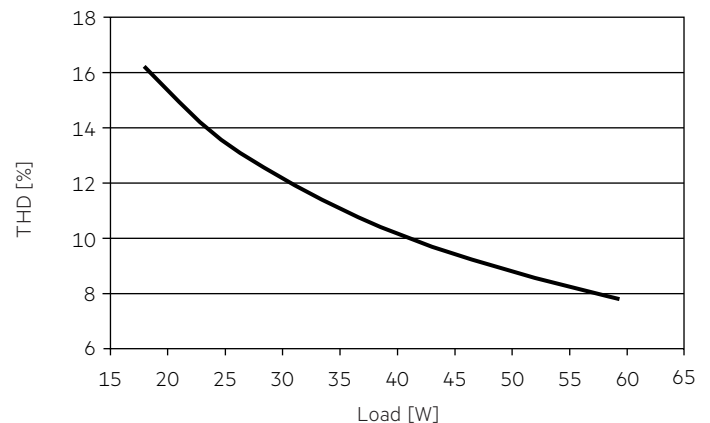


4.2 Power factor vs. Load



4.3 THD vs. Load

THD without harmonic < 5 mA (0.6 %) of the input current:



4.4 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	1.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	2.5 mm ²	I _{max}	time
LC 60W 24V Ip SNC2	22	28	35	43	13	17	21	26	34.6 A	210 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker.

Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.

Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

4.5 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
LC 60W 24V Ip SNC2	< 10	< 10	< 5	< 2	< 2	< 2

Acc. to 61000-3-2. Harmonics < 5 mA or < 0.6 % (whatever is greater) of the input current are not considered for calculation of THD.

5. Functions

5.1 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED will flicker, and output voltage will be reduced.

When fault is removed, the driver can go back to work automatically without resetting input main power.

5.2 Overtemperature protection

The LED driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating. If the temperature limit is exceeded the LED will turn to dark, if the temperature continue to increase, it will flicker and restart automatically after the driver cold down. The temperature protection is activated approx.

+ 15 °C above T_c max.

5.3 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off. When fault is removed, the driver can go back to work automatically without resetting input main power.

5.4 No-load operation

The LED driver will not be damaged in the no-load operation. When the output is floating and doesn't connect the LED modules, the output voltage will keep the max. voltage (< 26 V). After connecting the LED load, the driver works normally without resetting the main power.

5.5 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is supported.

5.6 Use of PWM dimmers

PWM dimmers can be used to dim the attached LED module.

7. Miscellaneous

7.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V_{DC} for 1 second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.

The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V_{AC} (or 1.414 x 1500 V_{DC}). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

7.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,
not condensed
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (T_a) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

7.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.

7.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at www.tridonic.com → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.
No warranty if device was opened.