



#### Driver LC 75W 900–1800mA flexC Ip EXC excite series SELV

#### Product description

- Built-in constant current LED driver
- For luminaires of protection class I and protection class II
- Adjustable output current between 900 and 1,800 mA via ready2mains™ Programmer or I-SELECT 2 plug
- Max. output power 75 W
- Up to 91 % efficiency
- Nominal lifetime up to 100,000 h
- 5 years guarantee (conditions at [www.tridonic.com](http://www.tridonic.com))

#### Housing properties

- Low-profile metal casing with white cover
- Type of protection IP20

#### Interfaces

- ready2mains™ (configuration via mains)
- Terminal blocks: 0° push terminals

#### Functions

- Adjustable output current in 1-mA-steps (ready2mains™, I-SELECT 2)
- Protective features (overtemperature, short-circuit, overload, no-load, input voltage range)
- Suitable for emergency lighting systems acc. to EN 50172

#### Benefits

- Application-oriented operating window for maximum compatibility
- Best energy savings due to high efficiency
- Flexible configuration via ready2mains™ and I-SELECT 2
- Reliability proven by lifetime up to 100,000 h and 5 years guarantee

#### Typical applications

- For linear/area lighting in office applications



**Standards**, page 5

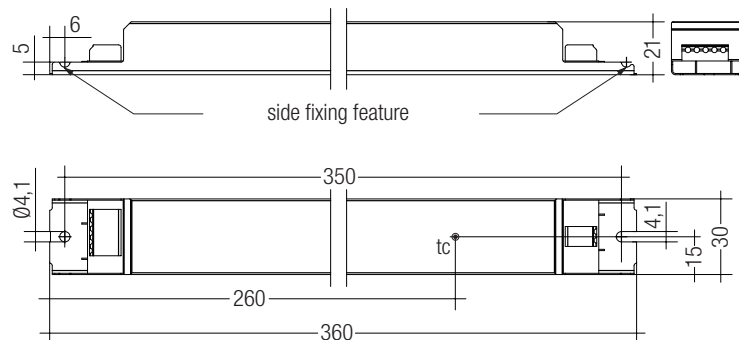
IP20 SELV   
RoHS

## Driver LC 75W 900–1800mA flexC Ip EXC

excite series SELV

### Technical data

Rated supply voltage	220 – 240 V
AC voltage range	198 – 264 V
DC voltage range	176 – 280 V
Mains frequency	0 / 50 / 60 Hz
Overvoltage protection	320 V AC, 48 h
Typ. current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	370 mA
Typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load) <sup>① ②</sup>	360 mA
Leakage current (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load) <sup>①</sup>	< 250 µA
Max. input power	84.5 W
Typ. efficiency (at 230 V / 50 Hz / full load) <sup>①</sup>	91 %
λ (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	0.98
Typ. input current in no-load operation	20 mA
Typ. input power in no-load operation	0.1 W
In-rush current (peak / duration)	35 A / 240 µs
THD (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 10 %
Starting time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 500 ms
Starting time (DC mode)	< 500 ms
Switchover time (AC/DC) <sup>②</sup>	< 0.2 s
Turn off time (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	< 50 ms
Output current tolerance <sup>③</sup>	± 5 %
Max. output current peak (non-repetitive)	≤ output current + 35 %
Output LF current ripple (< 120 Hz)	± 5 %
Output P <sub>ST</sub> <sup>LM</sup> (at full load)	≤ 1
Output SVM (at full load)	≤ 0.4
Max. output voltage	52 V
Mains surge capability (between L - N)	1 kV
Mains surge capability (between L/N - PE)	2 kV
Surge voltage at output side (against PE)	< 500 V
Type of protection	IP20
Lifetime	up to 100,000 h
Guarantee (conditions at <a href="http://www.tridonic.com">www.tridonic.com</a> )	5 years
Dimensions L x W x H	360 x 30 x 21 mm



### Ordering data

Type	Article number	Packaging carton	Packaging pallet	Weight per pc.
LC 75W 900-1800mA flexC Ip EXC	28000684	10 pc(s).	760 pc(s).	0.238 kg

## Specific technical data

Type	Output current <sup>① ②</sup>	Min. forward voltage	Max. forward voltage	Max. output power	Typ. power consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Typ. current consumption (at 230 V, 50 Hz, full load)	Max. casing temperature $t_c$	Ambient temperature $t_a$ max.	I-SELECT 2 resistor value <sup>③</sup>
<b>LC 75W 900-1800mA flexC Ip EXC</b>	900 mA	20 V	50 V	45.0 W	50.6 W	228 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +55 °C	open
	950 mA	20 V	50 V	47.5 W	53.3 W	241 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +55 °C	5.26 kΩ
	1,000 mA	20 V	50 V	50.0 W	56.6 W	254 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	5.00 kΩ
	1,050 mA	20 V	50 V	52.5 W	59.3 W	266 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	4.76 kΩ
	1,100 mA	20 V	50 V	55.0 W	62.0 W	277 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	4.55 kΩ
	1,150 mA	20 V	50 V	57.5 W	64.4 W	287 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	4.35 kΩ
	1,200 mA	20 V	50 V	60.0 W	66.0 W	294 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	4.17 kΩ
	1,250 mA	20 V	50 V	62.5 W	70.3 W	313 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	4.00 kΩ
	1,300 mA	20 V	50 V	65.0 W	72.8 W	324 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.85 kΩ
	1,350 mA	20 V	50 V	67.5 W	74.5 W	330 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.70 kΩ
	1,400 mA	20 V	50 V	70.0 W	77.9 W	345 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.57 kΩ
	1,450 mA	20 V	50 V	72.5 W	80.4 W	357 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.45 kΩ
	1,500 mA	20 V	50 V	75.0 W	83.5 W	370 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.33 kΩ
	1,550 mA	20 V	48 V	75.0 W	82.8 W	359 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.23 kΩ
	1,600 mA	20 V	47 V	75.0 W	83.8 W	370 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.13 kΩ
	1,650 mA	20 V	45 V	75.0 W	82.6 W	365 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	3.03 kΩ
	1,700 mA	20 V	44 V	75.0 W	84.5 W	374 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	2.94 kΩ
	1,750 mA	20 V	43 V	75.0 W	83.9 W	371 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	2.86 kΩ
	1,800 mA	20 V	42 V	75.0 W	83.9 W	371 mA	80 °C	-25 ... +50 °C	short circuit (0 Ω)

<sup>①</sup> Depending on the selected output current.

<sup>②</sup> Valid for immediate change of power supply type otherwise the starting time is valid.

<sup>③</sup> Output current is mean value.

<sup>④</sup> The table only lists a number of possible operating points but does not cover each single point. The output current can be set within the total value range in 1-mA-steps.

<sup>⑤</sup> Not compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1). Calculated resistor values.

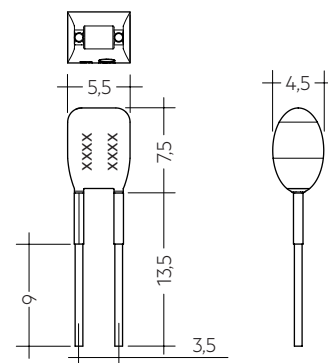
<sup>⑥</sup> Valid for Drivers with „DC new“ on the label. For old version typ. current (220 V, 0 Hz, full load, 50 % dimming level) is 175 mA.

### Product description

- Ready-for-use resistor to set output current value
- Compatible with LED driver featuring I-SELECT 2 interface; not compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1)
- Resistor is base insulated
- Resistor power 0.25 W
- Current tolerance  $\pm 2\%$  additional to output current tolerance
- Compatible with LED driver series PRE and EXC

### Example of calculation

- $R [k\Omega] = 5 V / I_{out} [mA] \times 1000$
- E96 resistor value used
- Resistor value tolerance  $\leq 1\%$ ; resistor power  $\geq 0.1 W$ ; base insulation necessary
- When using a resistor value beyond the specified range, the output current will automatically be set to the minimum value (resistor value too big), respectively to the maximum value (resistor value too small)



### Ordering data

Type	Article number	Colour	Marking	Current	Resistor value	Packaging bag	Weight per pc.
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 900MA BL</b>	<b>28001122</b>	Blue	0900 mA	900 mA	5.62 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 950MA BL</b>	<b>28001123</b>	Blue	0950 mA	950 mA	5.23 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1000MA BL</b>	<b>28001124</b>	Blue	1000 mA	1,000 mA	4.99 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1050MA BL</b>	<b>28001125</b>	Blue	1050 mA	1,050 mA	4.75 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1100MA BL</b>	<b>28001126</b>	Blue	1100 mA	1,100 mA	4.53 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1150MA BL</b>	<b>28001127</b>	Blue	1150 mA	1,150 mA	4.32 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1200MA BL</b>	<b>28001128</b>	Blue	1200 mA	1,200 mA	4.12 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1250MA BL</b>	<b>28001129</b>	Blue	1250 mA	1,250 mA	4.02 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1300MA BL</b>	<b>28001130</b>	Blue	1300 mA	1,300 mA	3.83 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1350MA BL</b>	<b>28001131</b>	Blue	1350 mA	1,350 mA	3.74 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1400MA BL</b>	<b>28001132</b>	Blue	1400 mA	1,400 mA	3.57 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1500MA BL</b>	<b>28001133</b>	Blue	1500 mA	1,500 mA	3.32 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1600MA BL</b>	<b>28001134</b>	Blue	1600 mA	1,600 mA	3.16 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1700MA BL</b>	<b>28001135</b>	Blue	1700 mA	1,700 mA	2.94 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG 1800MA BL</b>	<b>28001136</b>	Blue	1800 mA	1,800 mA	2.80 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg
<b>I-SELECT 2 PLUG MAX BL</b>	<b>28001099</b>	Blue	MAX	MAX	0.00 k $\Omega$	10 pc(s).	0.001 kg

## 1. Standards

EN 55015  
EN 61000-3-2  
EN 61000-3-3  
EN 61347-1  
EN 61347-2-13  
EN 62384  
EN 61547

According to EN 50172 for use in central battery systems

According to EN 60598-2-22 suitable for emergency lighting installations

## 2. Thermal details and lifetime

### 2.1 Expected lifetime

Expected lifetime					
Type	Output current	ta	40 °C	50 °C	55 °C
LC 75W 900-1800mA flexC Ip EXC	< 1.000 mA	tc	65 °C	75 °C	80 °C
		Lifetime	> 100.000 h	> 100.000 h	> 100.000 h
	1.000 – 1.800 mA	tc	70 °C	80 °C	–
		Lifetime	> 100.000 h	> 100.000 h	–

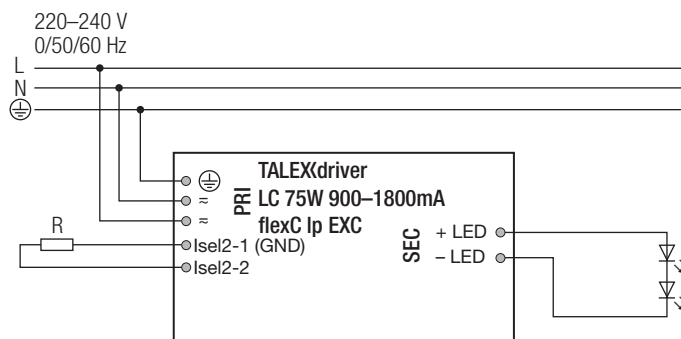
The LED driver is designed for a lifetime stated above under reference conditions and with a failure probability of less than 10 %.

The relation of tc to ta temperature depends also on the luminaire design.

If the measured tc temperature is approx. 5 K below tc max., ta temperature should be checked and eventually critical components (e.g. ELCAP) measured. Detailed information on request.

## 3. Installation / wiring

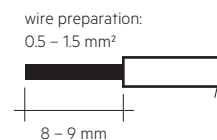
### 3.1 Circuit diagram



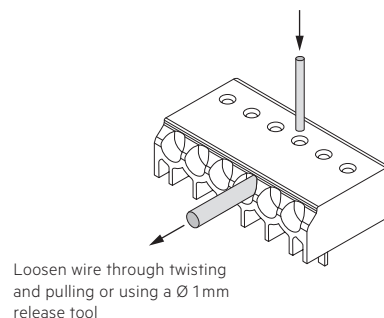
### 3.2 Wiring type and cross section

Solid wire with a cross section of 0.5 – 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup>. Strip 8 – 9 mm of insulation from the cables to ensure perfect operation of terminals.

LED module/LED driver/supply



### 3.3 Loose wiring



### 3.4 Wiring guidelines

- The cables should be run separately from the mains connections and mains cables to ensure good EMC conditions.
- The LED wiring should be kept as short as possible to ensure good EMC. The max. secondary cable length is 2 m (4 m circuit).
- Secondary switching is not permitted.
- The LED driver has no inverse-polarity protection on the secondary side. Wrong polarity can damage LED modules with no inverse-polarity protection.
- Wrong wiring of the LED driver can lead to malfunction or irreparable damage.
- To avoid the damage of the Driver, the wiring must be protected against short circuits to earth (sharp edged metal parts, metal cable clips, louver, etc.).

### 3.5 Hot plug-in

Hot plug-in is not supported due to residual output voltage of  $> 0$  V. If a LED load is connected, the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again. This can be done via mains reset.

### 3.6 Earth connection

The earth connection is conducted as protection earth (PE). If the LED driver will be earthed, protection earth (PE) has to be used. There is no earth connection required for the functionality of the LED driver. Earth connection is recommended to improve following behaviour:

- Electromagnetic interferences (EMI)
- Transmission of mains transients to the LED output

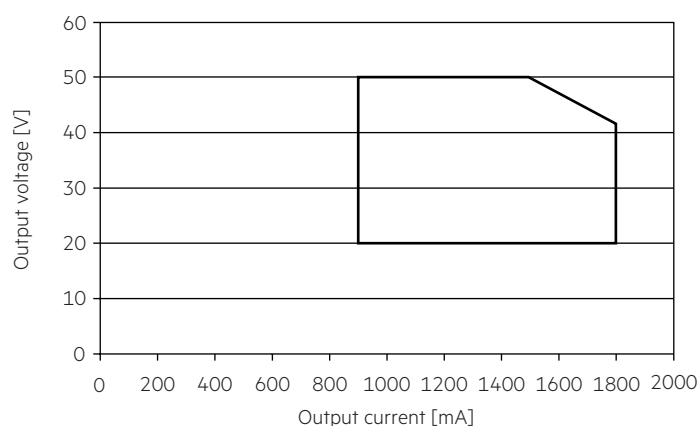
In general it is recommended to earth the LED driver if the LED module is mounted on earthed luminaire parts respectively heat sinks and thereby representing a high capacity against earth.

### 3.7 I-SELECT 2 resistors connected via cable

For details see:  
[http://www.tridonic.com/com/en/download/technical/LCA\\_PRE\\_LC\\_EXC\\_ProductManual\\_en.pdf](http://www.tridonic.com/com/en/download/technical/LCA_PRE_LC_EXC_ProductManual_en.pdf).

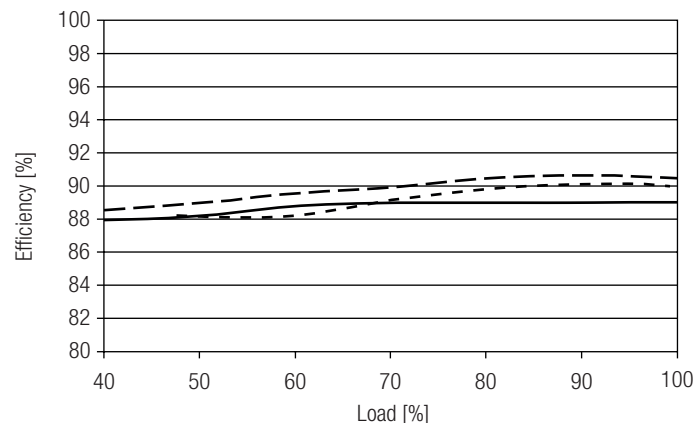
## 4. Electrical values

### 4.1 Operating window

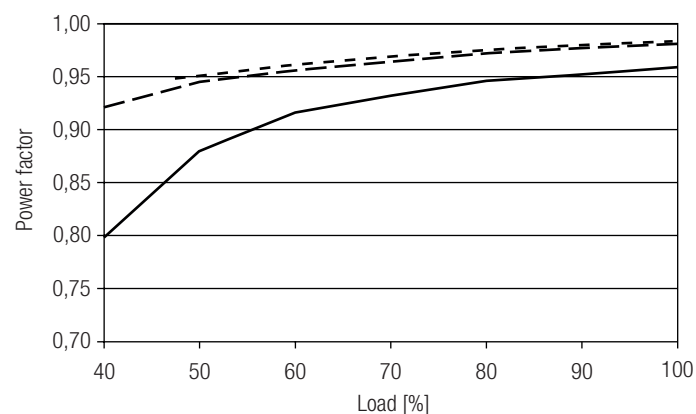


Make sure that the LED driver is operated within the given window under all operating conditions. Coming below the specified minimum output voltage of the LED driver may cause the device to shut-down.

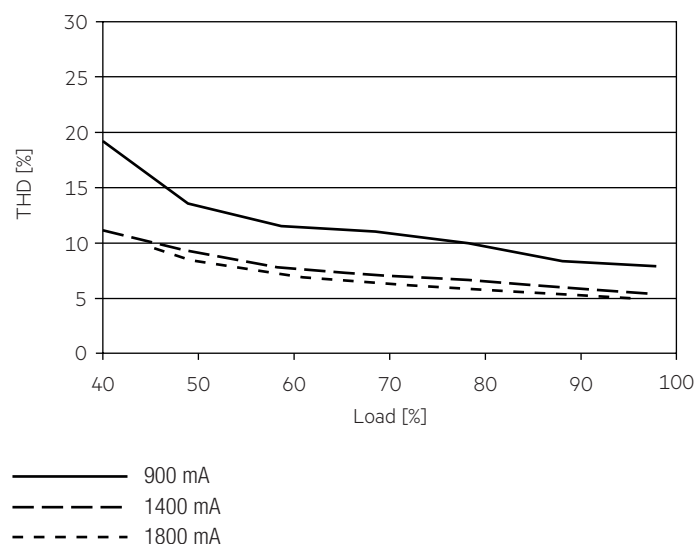
### 4.2 Efficiency vs load



### 4.3 Power factor vs load



### 4.4 THD vs load (without harmonic $< 5$ mA or $0.6$ % of the input current)



100 % load corresponds to the max. output power (full load) according to the table on page 2.

#### 4.5 Maximum loading of automatic circuit breakers in relation to inrush current

Automatic circuit breaker type	C10	C13	C16	C20	B10	B13	B16	B20	Inrush current	
Installation Ø	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	1.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	2.5 mm <sup>2</sup>	$I_{max}$	time
<b>LC 75W 900-1800mA flexC Ip EXC</b>	16	21	26	33	10	13	16	20	35 A	240 µs

These are max. values calculated out of inrush current! Please consider not to exceed the maximum rated continuous current of the circuit breaker.  
Calculation uses typical values from ABB series S200 as a reference.  
Actual values may differ due to used circuit breaker types and installation environment.

#### 4.6 Harmonic distortion in the mains supply (at 230 V / 50 Hz and full load) in %

	THD	3.	5.	7.	9.	11.
<b>LC 75W 900-1800mA flexC Ip EXC</b>	< 9	< 7	< 4	< 1	< 1	< 1

## 5. Interfaces / communication

### 5.1 Configuration input ready2mains (L, N)

The digital ready2mains protocol is modulated onto the mains signal which is wired to the mains terminal (L and N).

## 6. Functions

### 6.1 Function: adjustable current

The output current of the LED driver can be adjusted in a certain range.  
For adjustment there are two options available.

Option 1: I-SELECT 2

By inserting a suitable resistor or third party resistor into the I-SELECT 2 interface, the current value can be adjusted. The relationship between output current and resistor value can be found in the chapter "Accessories I-SELECT 2 Plugs".



Please note that the resistor values for I-SELECT 2 are not compatible with I-SELECT (generation 1). Installation of an incorrect resistor may cause irreparable damage to the LED module(s).

Resistors for the main output current values can be ordered from Tridonic (see accessories).

Option 2: ready2mains

Adjustment is done by the ready2mains programmer and the corresponding configuration software (see ready2mains documentation).



Current adjustment can only be done five times over ready2mains. To program the LED driver a connected load is necessary that is within the operating window of the LED driver.

The priority for current adjustment methods is I-SELECT 2 followed by ready2mains (lowest priority).

### 6.2 ready2mains – configuration

The ready2mains interface enables the configuration of the mostly used parameters via the mains wiring.  
In the case of EXC LED driver, it is the LED output current as well as an optional lockbit to prevent any accidental configuration at a later stage.

The configuration is done via the ready2mains Programmer, either directly at the Programmer itself or via a respective software tool. For details on the configuration via ready2mains see the technical information of the Programmer and its tools.

### 6.3 Short-circuit behaviour

In case of a short-circuit at the LED output the LED output is switched off.  
After restart of the LED driver the output will be activated again.  
The restart can be done via mains reset.

### 6.4 No-load operation

The LED driver will not be damaged in no-load operation. The output will be deactivated and is therefore free of voltage. If a LED load is connected the device has to be restarted before the output will be activated again.

### 6.5 Overload protection

If the maximum load is exceeded by a defined internal limit, the LED driver turns off the LED output. After restart of the LED driver the output will be activated again.  
The restart can be done via mains reset.

### 6.6 Overtemperature protection

The LED driver is protected against temporary thermal overheating.  
If the temperature limit is exceeded the output current of the LED module(s) is reduced. The temperature protection is activated above  $t_{c\ max}$ .  
The activation temperature differs depending on the LED load.  
On DC operation this function is deactivated to fulfill emergency requirements.

### 6.7 DC emergency operation

The LED driver is designed to operate on DC voltage and pulsed DC voltage.

Light output level in DC operation is 100 % (cannot be adjusted,  $EOF_i = 0.95$ ).

The voltage-dependent input current of Driver incl. LED module is depending on the used load.

The nominal voltage-dependent no-load current of Driver (without or defect LED module) is for:

AC: < 20.7 mA (at 230 V, 50 Hz)

DC: < 5 mA (at 275 – 186 V, 0 Hz)

## 7. Miscellaneous

### 7.1 Insulation and electric strength testing of luminaires

Electronic devices can be damaged by high voltage. This has to be considered during the routine testing of the luminaires in production.

According to IEC 60598-1 Annex Q (informative only!) or ENEC 303-Annex A, each luminaire should be submitted to an insulation test with 500 V<sub>DC</sub> for one second. This test voltage should be connected between the interconnected phase and neutral terminals and the earth terminal.  
The insulation resistance must be at least 2 MΩ.

As an alternative, IEC 60598-1 Annex Q describes a test of the electrical strength with 1500 V<sub>AC</sub> (or 1.414 x 1500 V<sub>DC</sub>). To avoid damage to the electronic devices this test must not be conducted.

### 7.2 Conditions of use and storage

Humidity: 5 % up to max. 85 %,  
not condensed  
(max. 56 days/year at 85 %)

Storage temperature: -40 °C up to max. +80 °C

The devices have to be acclimatised to the specified temperature range (ta) before they can be operated.

The LED driver is declared as inbuilt LED controlgear, meaning it is intended to be used within a luminaire enclosure.

If the product is used outside a luminaire, the installation must provide suitable protection for people and environment (e.g. in illuminated ceilings).

### 7.3 Maximum number of switching cycles

All LED driver are tested with 50,000 switching cycles.  
The actually achieved number of switching cycles is significantly higher.

### 7.4 Additional information

Additional technical information at [www.tridonic.com](http://www.tridonic.com) → Technical Data

Lifetime declarations are informative and represent no warranty claim.  
No warranty if device was opened.